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1-Carboxymethyl-3-octylimidazolium bromide

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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; T = 100 K; mean σ (C–C) = 0.006 Å; R factor = 0.049; wR factor = 0.095; data-to-parameter ratio = 16.5.

In the title compound, $C_{13}H_{23}N_2O_2^+ \cdot Br^-$, the octyl chain has an all-*trans* conformation. In the crystal, the cations are linked by $C-H \cdot \cdot \cdot O$ bonds into a zigzag chain along the *b* axis. The bromide anions further link the chains *via* $C-H \cdot \cdot \cdot Br$ interactions into a two-dimensional array parallel to the *ab* plane. An $O-H \cdot \cdot \cdot Br$ interaction is also observed.

Related literature

For related structures, see: Wei et al. (2009); Chen et al. (2009).



Experimental

Crystal data $C_{13}H_{23}N_2O^{2^+} \cdot Br^ M_r = 319.24$ Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$ a = 7.6745 (2) Å b = 4.6176 (1) Å c = 41.8663 (9) Å $\beta = 92.167$ (1)°

 $V = 1482.59 (6) Å^{3}$ Z = 4Mo K\alpha radiation $\mu = 2.77 \text{ mm}^{-1}$ T = 100 K $0.21 \times 0.19 \times 0.06 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD

diffractometer Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Sheldrick, 1996) $T_{min} = 0.594, T_{max} = 0.851$

Refinement

 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.049$ $wR(F^2) = 0.095$ S = 1.432761 reflections 167 parameters 1 restraint 10905 measured reflections 2761 independent reflections 2678 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$ $R_{int} = 0.023$

H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement $\Delta \rho_{max} = 1.25 \text{ e } \text{ Å}^{-3}$ $\Delta \rho_{min} = -2.19 \text{ e } \text{ Å}^{-3}$

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D - H \cdots A$	$D-\mathrm{H}$	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdots A$
$C6-H6B\cdots Br1^{i}$	0.99	2.89	3.772 (4)	148
C5−H5···Br1 ⁱⁱ	0.95	2.91	3.681 (4)	139
$C4 - H4 \cdots O2^{iii}$	0.95	2.25	3.151 (5)	158
$C3 - H3 \cdot \cdot \cdot Br1^{i}$	0.95	2.82	3.593 (4)	139
$C2 - H2B \cdots Br1^{iv}$	0.99	2.90	3.676 (4)	136
$C2 - H2A \cdots O2^{v}$	0.99	2.44	3.328 (5)	150
$D1 - H1 \cdots Br1$	0.84 (2)	2.33 (2)	3.153 (3)	168 (4)
Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$; (ii) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2}$				$-z + \frac{1}{2}$; (iii)

Symmetry codes: (1) $-x, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2};$ (ii) $-x + 1, y - \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2};$ (iii) $-x + 1, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2};$ (iv) $-x, y + \frac{1}{2}, -z + \frac{1}{2};$ (v) x, y + 1, z.

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2007); cell refinement: *SAINT* (Bruker, 2007); data reduction: *SAINT*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *X-SEED* (Barbour, 2001); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL97* and *publCIF* (Westrip, 2010).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: IS2721).

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